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84TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1133

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 21, 1955

Mr. HICKENLOOPER (for himself and Mr. MARTIN of Iowa) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 per centum, but not
5 exceeding the indemnity paid by the State in which such
6 losses and expenses were incurred, of the losses and ex-
7 penses incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses,
8 and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed,

1 treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954,
2 as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the
3 contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

4 SEC. 2. The payment of indemnities under the pro-
5 visions of this Act shall be limited, in the absence of Federal
6 appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof
7 of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in
8 which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 per
9 centum of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

10 SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of
11 this Act shall be made from funds currently available to the
12 Department of Agriculture.

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To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

By Mr. HICKENLOOPER and Mr. MARTIN of Iowa

FEBRUARY 21, 1955

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Agriculture and Forestry

84TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 4576

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 2, 1955

Mr. LeCOMPTÉ introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
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3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 per centum, but not
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6 losses and expenses were incurred, of the losses and ex-
7 penses incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses,
8 and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed,

1 treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954,
2 as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the
3 contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

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6 appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof
7 of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in
8 which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 per
9 centum of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

10 SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of
11 this Act shall be made from funds currently available to the
12 Department of Agriculture.

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

By Mr. LECOMPTÉ

MARCH 2, 1955

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued
For actions of

May 4, 1955
May 3, 1955
84th-1st, No. 72

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HIGHLIGHTS: House debated price support bill. House committee ordered reported bill for Federal loans for non-Federal reclamation projects. Senate debated trade agreements bill. Sen. Symington criticized Mo. ASC committee. Sen. Aiken introduced and discussed bill to cooperate with States in reforestation.

HOUSE

1. PRICE SUPPORTS. Began debate on H. R. 12, to provide for 90% price supports on basic commodities. General debate was concluded, and the bill is to be read for amendment today. (pp. 4539-94.)
2. PERSONNEL. Agreed to H. Con. Res. 121, requesting the President to return for correction S. 1094, to clarify the Federal Employees' Uniform Allowance Act (pp. 4594-5).
3. CCC CLAIMS. Transferred from the Agriculture Committee to the Banking and Currency Committee H. R. 2137, 2872, 2007, 694, and 646, to relieve from CCC claims persons who innocently purchase converted fungible goods (p. 4594).
4. RESERVE MANPOWER. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for consideration of H. R. 5297, the military reserve manpower bill (p. 4538).
5. ANIMAL DISEASE. The Agriculture Committee ordered reported H. R. 4576, to provide for certain indemnity payments in Iowa on account of vesicular exanthema which could not be made because of a technicality (p. D367).
6. DROUGHT RELIEF. The Agriculture Committee considered but postponed action on H. R. 4176, to provide that feed furnished in disaster areas shall be made available for working stock and hogs (p. D367).

7. CIVIC AUDITORIUM. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for consideration of H. R. 1825, creating a commission to plan a D. C. civic auditorium (p. 4609).
8. RECLAMATION; LOANS. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee ordered reported H. R. 5881, to provide for Federal cooperation in non-Federal reclamation projects and for non-Federal cooperation in Federal projects (p. D368).
9. SALT-WATER RESEARCH. The Rules Committee ordered reported a resolution for consideration of H. R. 2126, to expand the salt-water research program (p. D368).
10. IMPORTS. The Ways and Means Committee ordered reported H. R. 5560, making permanent the existing privilege of free importation of personal and household goods under Government orders, and H. R. 5675, continuing through June 1958 the suspension of import taxes on copper (p. D369).
11. POSTAL PAY. The conferees agreed to report a revised version of S. 1, the postal pay bill (pp. D369-70).
12. SURPLUS COMMODITIES. The revision of H. R. 2851, as ordered reported by the House Agriculture Committee, provides as follows: Requires CCC to make available to HEW, for providing emergency assistance to the needy, agricultural commodities and products (including cereals and cereal products) acquired through price support operations. Authorizes CCC to pay processing and other charges up to the time of delivery to central locations in States. Upon certifications of the Labor Department and the Governors as to need, directs HEW to make such commodities and products available to State agencies. Provides that CCC make Sec. 416 commodities available without compensation and that HEW reimburse CCC for other commodities at the acquisition cost or current support price (whichever is lower) plus the costs of processing, etc. Provides that CCC expenditures under this bill may be made in advance of appropriations and shall be entered as accounts receivable.
13. EXPORT-IMPORT BANK. H. Doc. 150 (Apr. 23) is a proposed increase in the amount of \$300,000 in the limitation on expenses (to provide for additional staff and other expenses required for a growing workload) for the fiscal year 1956 for the Export-Import Bank of Washington.
14. SOIL CONSERVATION. The amendments by Sen. Holland and others to H. R. 1573, to repeal the ACP-acreage allotments tie-in, (see Digest 71), would exempt from the present ACP-acreage allotments tie-in farmers harvesting corn for ensilage, wheat in an amount not in excess of 15 acres, a commodity or a crop on which producers have rejected marketing quotas in a referendum, or peanuts for seed to be used for the raising of peanuts for hogs. The amendments would also require applicants to establish their eligibility for payments in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation.

SENATE

15. TRADE AGREEMENTS. Continued debate on H. R. 1, the trade agreements extension bill (pp. 4620-1, 4631, 4634-43, 4645-97), and agreed to limit debate on bill and that no nongermane amendment will be received (p. 4621). Sens. Beall, Morse, O'Mahoney, and Humphrey submitted amendments to be proposed to this bill.

During debate on this bill Sen. Malone stated that "H. R. 1 is an economic Yalta," and that, "Farmers, too,...will be an early target of the global free trade agency, as will producers of milk, butter, cheese, and other farm commodities" (pp. 4648-51). Sen. Malone also spoke in favor of giving

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued
For actions of

May 5, 1955
May 4, 1955
84th-1st, No. 73

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HIGHLIGHTS: House debated price support bill, agreeing to amendment making peanuts nonbasic. House committee reported bill for Federal cooperation in non-Federal reclamation projects. House subcommittee approved measure for USDA study of burley tobacco program. Senate passed trade agreements bill. Senate made Interior appropriation bill, which includes FS items, its pending business. Senate committee reported bills to give CEA subpoena power and protect purchasers of fungible goods from CCC claims.

HOUSE

1. PRICE SUPPORTS. Continued debate on H. R. 12, the price support bill (pp. 4699-725, A2986-7). By a teller vote of 186-150, agreed to an amendment by Rep. Green, Pa., to eliminate peanuts from the list of basic commodities and to repeal legislation for peanut allotments (pp. 4699-713).
2. RECLAMATION; LOANS. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee reported without amendment H. R. 5881, to supplement the Federal reclamation laws by providing for Federal cooperation in non-Federal projects and for participation by non-Federal agencies in Federal projects (H. Rept. 481)(p. 4727).
3. SALT-WATER RESEARCH. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for consideration of H. R. 2126, to expand the Interior Department's salt-water research program (p. 4699).
4. TOBACCO. A subcommittee approved for reporting to the Agriculture Committee S. J. Res. 60, directing USDA to study and report on burley tobacco controls (p. D374).
5. COPPER IMPORTS. The Ways and Means Committee reported without amendment H. R. 5695, to continue through June 1958 the suspension of certain import taxes on copper (H. Rept. 485)(p. 4727).

6. REORGANIZATION. The Government Operations Committee reported without amendment S. 1763, to extend the time for liquidation of the Hoover Commission (H. Rept. 482)(p. 4727).
7. PURCHASING. The Government Operations Committee submitted a report, "Federal Catalog Program Report — Identification and Conversion" (H.Rept.483)(p.4727).
8. PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES. Received from GSA a proposed bill "to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, and for other purposes"; to Government Operations Committee (p. 4727).
9. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Majority Leader McCormack announced the legislative program as follows: Today (Thurs.), price-support and reserve-manpower bills; Fri. and Sat., not in session; Mon., conference report on postal pay bill, and statehood bill (p. 4725).

SENATE

10. TRADE AGREEMENTS. Passed, 75-13, with amendments H. R. 1, to extend to June 30, 1958 the authority of the President to enter into trade agreements (pp. 4732-4851). Sens. Byrd, George, Gore, Millikin, and Martin were appointed Senate conferees on this bill (pp. 4850-1).

During debate on this bill Sen. Langer stated that the Trade Agreements Act "has proved disastrous to the farmers of the Nation"; that his reasons for voting against extension of this Act are set forth in the hearings held before the Subcommittee on Antitrust and Monopoly, Senate Judiciary Committee, on importations of rye and barley; and inserted the transcript of these hearings (pp. 4826-50).

Sen. Malone discussed and inserted a GATT nations' "Decision to Grant a Waiver to the U. S. in Connection with Import Restrictions Imposed Under Section 22 of the U. S. Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as Amended" (pp. 4747-8).
11. INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL FOR 1956. This bill, H. R. 5085, was made the pending business (pp. 4851, 4853).
12. COMMODITY EXCHANGES; CCC CLAIMS. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee reported without amendment S. 1398, to authorize subpoenas under the Commodity Exchange Act (S. Rept. 268); and with amendment H. R. 1831, to amend the CCC Charter Act. in order to protect innocent purchasers of fungible goods converted by warehousemen from claims of the CCC (S. Rept. 270) (p. 4730).
13. ANIMAL DISEASE. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee reported without amendment S. 1133, to provide for certain indemnity payments in Iowa on account of vesicular exanthema which could not be made because of a technicality (p. 4730).
14. COMMITTEES. The chairman, Agriculture and Forestry Committee, was authorized to appoint subcommittees to consider the following bills: S. 1286, Farm Credit Act of 1955; S. 1636, use of humane methods in slaughter of livestock and poultry in interstate or foreign commerce; and S. J. Res. 20, to preserve and strengthen the family-farm pattern of American agriculture (p. D372).
15. ROADS; TREATIES. Received resolutions urging enactment of legislation for the rapid completion of the Interstate System of Highways, and favoring the enactment of the Bricker amendment to limit the President's treaty-making power (p. 4729).

INDEMNITY FOR SWINE CARCASSES DESTROYED
WITHOUT APPRAISAL IN JULY 1954

MAY 4 (legislative day, MAY 2), 1955.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. HICKENLOOPER, from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, submitted the following

R E P O R T

[To accompany S. 1133]

The Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, to whom was referred the bill (S. 1133) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema, having considered the same, report thereon with a recommendation that it do pass without amendment.

This bill would provide indemnity for certain swine carcasses destroyed in accordance with the vesicular exanthema eradication program in July 1954. John Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Iowa, slaughtered certain swine before their infection with vesicular exanthema was discovered. Iowa was not authorized to pay where the swine were already slaughtered, and the Federal Government was not authorized to pay any indemnity unless the State paid its share. Since no indemnity could be paid, the carcasses were not appraised. Subsequently Iowa approved payment of its share by special act, a copy of which is attached, but now the Federal Government cannot pay its share because the carcasses were not appraised. This bill would remove this technical bar to payment of the Federal Government's share of the indemnity.

The language of the bill is somewhat more general than described above, but this case is the only one covered by the bill, according to the records of the Department of Agriculture.

The attached letter from the Department shows the Federal share of the indemnity as about \$31,698. The Federal indemnity cannot exceed that paid by the State, however, so if the \$29,448.52 set out in the attached act of the Iowa Legislature represents Iowa's full share, the Federal indemnity cannot exceed that amount.

DEPARTMENTAL VIEWS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Washington 25, D. C., April 25, 1955.

HON. ALLEN J. ELLENDER,
Chairman, Committee on Agriculture and Forestry,
United States Senate.

DEAR SENATOR ELLENDER: This is in reply to your request of February 23, 1955, for a report on S. 1133, a bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

The Department favors the enactment of S. 1133, as prompt disposal of animals infected with or exposed to the disease was necessary to prevent further dissemination of the disease.

This bill authorizes and directs the Secretary of Agriculture to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 percent of their losses and expenses, but not exceeding the indemnity paid by the State, all persons whose swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed, treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954, as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the contagious disease vesicular exanthema. It also requires that such indemnities be limited, in the absence of Federal appraisal, to those losses and expenses where proof has been made to the State and 50 percent of the losses and expenses has been paid by the State.

Because of the spread of vesicular exanthema, an emergency was declared by the Secretary of Agriculture on August 1, 1952. Federal funds were not available for indemnities until declaration of the emergency or such later date as States agreed to cooperate in payment of indemnities.

According to the Department's records the only swine that were not paid for, which were properly disposed of during July 1954, belonged to John Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Iowa. At the time infection was found, some of the swine had already been slaughtered. They, as owners of the slaughtered swine, were eligible for Federal indemnity if the carcasses were appraised by a Government inspector and if the State of Iowa paid its share of the indemnity. Iowa was not authorized to pay for the swine that were already slaughtered and, therefore, the carcasses were not appraised. It now appears that Iowa will be authorized to pay indemnity for the swine carcasses, but the Federal Government cannot pay the indemnity as the carcasses were not appraised. S. 1133 would permit the payment of Federal funds for such indemnity, provided the State of Iowa pays its share of the indemnity.

John Morrell & Co. cooperated fully with the State and the Department's representatives in Iowa. An investigation shows that the Federal share of indemnity under this bill would be about \$31,698. Payment of this amount from current funds would not impair the program for this fiscal year.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

TRUE D. MORSE,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT To make appropriation to John Morrell & Company, Ottumwa, Iowa, on settlement of claim against the State of Iowa

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. There is hereby appropriated out of the general fund of the state of Iowa to John Morrell & Company, Ottumwa, Iowa, claim number 114-55, the sum of twenty-nine thousand four hundred forty-eight dollars and fifty-two cents (\$29,448.52) on account of a program for the eradication of vesicular exanthema carried on at the said plant on July 26, 27, and 28, 1954.

SEC. 2. The state comptroller is hereby authorized to issue his warrant to the above named claimant upon receipt by the state comptroller and the executive council from said claimant of a written release of the state from all liability arising out of or in connection with said program.

SEC. 3. The acceptance of said sum by the above party shall be in full settlement of all claims against the state of Iowa growing out of the above described claim.

SEC. 4. This act, being of immediate importance, shall be effective from and after its publication in The Ottumwa Courier, a newspaper published in Ottumwa, Iowa, and the Blakesburg Excelsior, a newspaper published in Blakesburg, Iowa.

Approved April 19, 1955, Leo A. Hoegh, Governor.



S. 1133

[Report No. 269]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 21, 1955

Mr. HICKENLOOPER (for himself and Mr. MARTIN of Iowa) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

MAY 4 (legislative day, MAY 2), 1955

Reported by Mr. HICKENLOOPER, without amendment

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

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2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 per centum, but not
5 exceeding the indemnity paid by the State in which such
6 losses and expenses were incurred, of the losses and ex-
7 penses incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses,
8 and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed,
9 treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954,

1 as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the
2 contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

3 SEC. 2. The payment of indemnities under the pro-
4 visions of this Act shall be limited, in the absence of Federal
5 appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof
6 of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in
7 which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 per
8 centum of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

9 SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of
10 this Act shall be made from funds currently available to the
11 Department of Agriculture.

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

By Mr. HICKENLOOPER and Mr. MARTIN of Iowa

FEBRUARY 21, 1955

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Agriculture and Forestry

MAY 4 (legislative day, MAY 2), 1955

Reported without amendment

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued May 10, 1955
For actions of May 9, 1955
84th-1st, No. 75

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HIGHLIGHTS: Senate passed bills to: give CEA subpoena power; protect innocent purchasers of fungible goods from CCC claims; authorize inter-agency fire protection agreements. Senate subcommittee approved bill limiting interest on disaster loans to 3%. House sent Interior appropriation bill (which includes FS items) to conference; debated Hawaii-Alaska statehood bill. House committee reported bills to give CEA subpoena power, authorize land banks to purchase FPMC assets, and repeal REA State formula. Sen. Alcott introduced and discussed emergency loans bill. Sen. Smathers intr. and discussed bill to carry out recommendations of President's transportation committee.

SENATE

1. COMMODITY EXCHANGES. Passed without amendment S. 1398, to provide subpoena power to the Commodity Exchange Authority (pp. 4987-8).
2. CCC CLAIMS. Passed as reported H. R. 1831, to protect innocent purchasers of fungible goods converted by warehousemen from CCC claims (pp. 4988-9).
3. FOREST FIRES. Passed as reported S. 1006, to authorize the execution of agreements between agencies of the U. S. and other agencies and instrumentalities for mutual aid in fire protection (p. 4990).
4. PUBLIC LANDS. Passed as reported S. 265, to amend the acts authorizing agricultural entries under the nonmineral land laws of certain mineral lands in order to increase the limitation with respect to desert entries made under such acts to 320 acres (p. 4987).
Passed without amendment S. 748, to prohibit the U. S. from acquiring mineral interests in lands acquired by it except when necessary to serve the purpose for which such lands are acquired (pp. 4986-7).
5. ANIMAL DISEASE. Passed without amendment S. 1133, to authorize USDA to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in Iowa in connection with vesicular exanthema (p. 4988).

6. RECORDS. Passed without amendment S. 1007, to authorize GSA to establish a central depository for inter-state agreements (p. 4989).
7. FARM LOANS. On May 6 (during Senate recess) a subcommittee of the Agriculture and Forestry Committee approved for reporting to the full committee S. 1755, to reduce interest rates from 5% to 3% on disaster loans (p. D386).
8. RECESSED until Wed., May 11. Majority Leader Johnson stated that the postal pay bill may be considered Wed. and that the roads bill may be considered later in the week. (p. 4993.)

HOUSE

9. INTERIOR DEPARTMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL FOR 1956. Reps. Kirwan, Norrell, Sieminski, Magnuson, Jensen, Fenton, Scrivner, and Taber were appointed conferees on this bill, H. R. 5085 (p. 4994). Senate conferees have been appointed.
10. RURAL ELECTRIFICATION; COMMODITY EXCHANGES; FARM CREDIT. The Agriculture Committee reported without amendment H. R. 5376, to repeal the State allotment formula for REA (H. Rept. 547); H. R. 4514, to authorize subpoenas under the Commodity Exchange Act (H. Rept. 552); and S. 941, to authorize the Federal land banks to purchase certain remaining assets of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation (H. Rept. 550) (p. 5029).
11. FIRE PROTECTION. The Government Operations Committee reported without amendment H. R. 6015, to authorize the execution of agreements between agencies of the U. S. and other agencies and instrumentalities for mutual aid in fire protection (H. Rept. 549) (p. 5029).
12. PERSONNEL. The Judiciary Committee reported without amendment H. R. 5650, to provide for the settlement of claims of military personnel and civilian employees of the Federal Government for damage to, or loss, destruction, capture, or abandonment of personal property occurring incident to their service (H. Rept. 553) (p. 5029).
13. CIVIC AUDITORIUM. Passed as reported H. R. 1825, creating a commission to plan a D. C. civic auditorium (pp. 5009-13).
14. STATEHOOD. Began debate on H. R. 2535, the Alaska-Hawaii statehood bill (pp. 5013-24).
15. POTATOES. Received a Maine Legislature memorial recommending an investigation of the Mercantile Exchange for the purpose of providing greater stability in the potato industry (p. 5031).

BILLS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT

16. RICE ALLOTMENTS. H. R. 4647, which increases each 1955 State rice acreage allotment by 2%, provides each State with a 1955 rice allotment at least equal to its 1950 allotment, provides each county whose base acreage for 1955 exceeded by at least 2% its base acreage for 1950 with a 1955 rice allotment at least equal to its 1950 allotment, and increases each State reserve for new producers and new farms to a minimum of 500 acres. Approved May 5, 1955 (Public Law 29, 84th Cong.).

84TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1133

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 10, 1955

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

AN ACT

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1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 per centum, but not
5 exceeding the indemnity paid by the State in which such
6 losses and expenses were incurred, of the losses and ex-
7 penses incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses,
8 and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed,

1 treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954,
2 as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the
3 contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

4 SEC. 2. The payment of indemnities under the pro-
5 visions of this Act shall be limited, in the absence of Federal
6 appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof
7 of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in
8 which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 per
9 centum of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

10 SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of
11 this Act shall be made from funds currently available to the
12 Department of Agriculture.

Passed the Senate May 9 (legislative day, May 2),
1955.

Attest:

FELTON M. JOHNSTON,

Secretary.

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

May 10, 1955
Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

ing mineral interests in lands acquired by it except when necessary to serve the purpose for which such lands are acquired.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. LONG. Mr. President, this bill would merely fix the policy of the Federal Government with regard to the taking and expropriation of mineral rights belonging to citizens. In many instances the Government has unnecessarily condemned and expropriated such mineral rights. The bill provides that the Government shall take the mineral rights of citizens only when the Government finds it necessary to do so, or when the use to which the Government intends to put the land would be impracticable or infeasible if the Government did not take the mineral rights.

In the past a considerable number of complaints have been made, in most instances by citizens who, on the basis of good legal advice, have taken the precaution to protect their mineral rights when the Government has sought to acquire their land. It is unfortunately true, however, that many persons who have not had legal advice did not resist the taking of their mineral rights, and therefore in many instances, the Federal Government has unnecessarily deprived them of their mineral rights.

As a matter of fact, Mr. President, the Federal Government now owns more than 25 percent of all the land in the United States, and it already has mineral rights to all the submerged lands of the Continental Shelf. Therefore, in most cases, there is no real need for the Federal Government to condemn or to expropriate mineral rights of citizens. The pending bill sets forth the conditions under which the Federal Government may take mineral rights if it finds it to be necessary to do so.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to amendment. If there be no amendment to be offered, the question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That (a) except as provided in section 2, whenever the United States acquires any land, by any means whatsoever, it shall not acquire any mineral rights or interests in or in connection with such land.

(b) Except as provided in section 2, every deed conveying land to the United States which is executed after the date of enactment of this act pursuant to negotiations carried on, and a consideration agreed upon, after such date shall contain a specific reservation of all mineral interests in such land to the transferor thereof. The provisions of subsection (a) shall be effective notwithstanding that any such deed does not contain the reservation required by this subsection.

(c) Except as provided in section 2, every judgment in proceedings for condemnation of land instituted by the United States after the date of enactment of this act shall contain a specific reservation of all mineral interests in such land to the defendant in such proceedings. The provisions of subsection

(a) shall be effective notwithstanding that any such judgment does not contain the reservation required by this subsection.

SEC. 2. (a) The provisions of the first section of this act shall not apply to the acquisition by the United States of mineral interests in and to land acquired by the United States in any case in which the head of the department, agency, instrumentality, or independent establishment acquiring such land determines, and the deed or the judgment in proceedings for condemnation of such land recites, that—

(1) the acquisition of such mineral interests is necessary to serve the purpose for which the land is being acquired; or

(2) the national security requires that the United States own all right, title, and interest, including mineral interests, in and to the land being acquired; or

(3) the use to which the United States intends to put such land renders its development for mineral purposes infeasible.

(b) Nothing contained in this act shall be construed to alter or amend any provision of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

SEC. 3. As used in this act, the term "United States" includes all departments, agencies, instrumentalities, and independent establishments of the Government of the United States.

INCREASE OF LIMITATION WITH RESPECT TO DESERT LANDS UNDER THE NONMINERAL LAND LAWS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Order No. 254, S. 265.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Secretary will state the bill by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (S. 265) to amend the acts authorizing agricultural entries under the nonmineral land laws of certain mineral lands in order to increase the limitation with respect to desert entries made under such acts to 320 acres.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill,

which had been reported from the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs with amendments on page 2, line 7, after the word "who", to insert "prior to the date of approval of this act"; in line 12, after the word "of", to strike out "this act" and insert "such acts, as hereby amended", and at the beginning of line 18, to strike out "July 17, 1914," and insert "June 28, 1934", so as to make the bill read:

Be it enacted, etc., That the first section of the act entitled "An act to provide for agricultural entries on coal lands," approved June 22, 1910 (36 Stat. 583), is amended by deleting the following: "no desert entry made under the provisions of this act shall contain more than 160 acres, and."

SEC. 2. The first section of the act entitled "An act to provide for agricultural entry of lands withdrawn, classified, or reported as containing phosphate, nitrate, potash, oil, gas, or asphaltic minerals," approved July 17, 1914 (38 Stat. 509), is amended by deleting the follows: "but no desert entry made under the provisions of this act shall contain more than 160 acres."

SEC. 3. Any person who, prior to the date of approval of this act, has made a valid desert-land entry on lands subject to such act of June 22, 1910, or of July 17, 1914, may,

if otherwise qualified, enter as a personal privilege, not assignable, an additional tract of desert land subject to the provisions of such acts, as hereby amended, and section 7 of the act entitled "An act to stop injury to the public grazing lands by preventing overgrazing and soil deterioration, to provide for their orderly use, improvement, and development, to stabilize the livestock industry dependent upon the public range, and for other purposes," approved June 28, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 1269; 1272; 43 U. S. C., sec. 315f). Such additional tract shall not, together with the original entry, exceed 320 acres. The holder of an additional entry authorized under this section shall comply with all the requirements of the desert-land law on the lands embraced by such additional entry.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendments.

The amendments were agreed to.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, last year the Senate passed a bill similar to the pending bill, but the House of Representatives failed to take action on it. I hope that if this bill is passed by the Senate, it will receive favorable consideration by the House.

The purpose of the bill is to bring about conformity with regard to three different laws affecting nonmineral desert-homestead entries. Under the act of 1877, such entries may be made for a total of not more than 320 acres. However, under the acts of June 22, 1910, and July 17, 1914, only 160 acres are permitted under desert entries.

The pending bill would make entries of 320 acres possible on a uniform basis under each of those laws. The minerals are reserved under each act.

The bill will not affect in any way the provisions of the Reclamation Act regarding acreage limitations.

The bill has the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, and of the Bureau of the Budget, and it was unanimously reported by the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

STRENGTHENING OF INVESTIGATION PROVISIONS OF THE COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Order No. 272, S. 1398.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Secretary will state the bill by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (S. 1398) to strengthen the investigation provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Secretary will call the roll.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I should like to ask the Senator from Louisiana to give a brief explanation of S. 1398, the pending bill.

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, the purpose of the bill is to permit witnesses to be subpoenaed for the purpose of investigations under the Commodity Exchange Act. At present witnesses may be subpoenaed for the purpose of proceedings, but not investigations. This additional authority would strengthen administration of the Commodity Exchange Act, and in some cases might make the institution of formal proceedings unnecessary. The substance of this bill was included in S. 1990, which was considered and passed by the Senate in the last session of Congress.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to amendment. If there is no amendment to be proposed, the question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the third sentence of section 6 (b) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U. S. C. 15) is amended to read as follows: "For the purpose of securing effective enforcement of the provisions of this act, and for the purpose of any investigation or proceeding under this act, the provisions, including penalties, of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended and supplemented (49 U. S. C. 12, 46, 47, 48), relating to the attendance and testimony of witnesses, the production of documentary evidence, and the immunity of witnesses, are made applicable to the power, jurisdiction, and authority of the Secretary of Agriculture (or any person designated by him), the commission, and any referee designated pursuant to the provisions of this act, and to any person subject thereto."

INTERSTATE COMPACT TO CONSERVE OIL AND GAS

Mr. DOUGLAS. Mr. President, I should like to ask the Senator from Texas if it is his intention to call up today Order No. 271, Senate Joint Resolution 38, consenting to an interstate compact to conserve oil and gas?

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. No; that joint resolution was passed over at the request of the Senator from Illinois.

Mr. DOUGLAS. I should like to propose an amendment to the bill. If the amendment is satisfactory and can be agreed to, I shall not interpose an objection.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. The majority leader did not plan to move to have the Senate proceed to the consideration of that bill at this time. If the Senator from Illinois will discuss his amendment with the Senator from Louisiana [Mr. Long], who reported the bill, it may be possible to consider the bill later today, provided it is not controversial.

Mr. DOUGLAS. Very well.

INDEMNITY FOR LOSSES CAUSED BY DESTRUCTION OF SWINE AND SWINE CARCASSES

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Order No. 273, S. 1133.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Secretary will state the bill by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (S. 1133) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954, in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine and swine carcasses infected with vesicular exanthema.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to amendment.

Mr. HICKENLOOPER. Mr. President, I merely wish to call attention to the fact that the bill authorizes the Federal Government to participate with the State of Iowa in paying indemnities for certain swine which were killed prior to the authorization which the State of Iowa eventually gave for its participation in the program. That authorization was given at the present session of the legislature of Iowa. It is necessary to pass the pending bill in order to authorize the participation of the Federal Government.

So far as the Federal Government is concerned, the amount of money involved is approximately \$30,000, which is about half the total of about \$60,000. In other words, the Federal Government would pay half the cost and the State of Iowa would pay the other half.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to amendment. If there be no amendment to be proposed, the question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 percent, but not exceeding the indemnity paid by the State in which such losses and expenses were incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed, treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954, as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

SEC. 2. The payment of indemnities under the provisions of this act shall be limited, in the absence of Federal appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 percent of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be made from funds currently available to the Department of Agriculture.

EXEMPTION FROM PAYMENT OF INCOME TAXES TO MEMBERS OF ARMED FORCES HELD AS PRISONERS BY COMMUNISTIC-CONTROLLED AUTHORITIES—BILL INDEFINITELY POSTPONED

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate bill 1653, for the relief of members of the Armed Forces in respect to payment of income taxes while held as prisoners by Communistic-controlled authorities, be indefinitely postponed for the reason that there has been other proposed legislation introduced in both Houses which is now pending before the appropriate committees.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, Senate bill 1653 is indefinitely postponed.

PROTECTION OF INNOCENT PURCHASERS OF FUNGIBLE GOODS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 274, House bill 1831.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Secretary will state the bill by title.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 1831) to amend the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act in order to protect innocent purchasers of fungible goods converted by warehousemen from claims of the Commodity Credit Corporation.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry with amendments, on page 1, line 9, after the word "warehouseman", to insert "or other dealer"; in line 10, after the word "was", to strike out "also" and insert "regularly engaged"; on page 2, line 4, after the word "the", to strike out "warehouseman" and insert "seller"; in line 7, after the word "the", to strike out "warehouseman's" and insert "seller's"; and in line 8, after the word "goods", to insert "To be entitled to relief under this section a buyer must assert as an affirmative defense and establish by a preponderance of the evidence the facts necessary to entitle him to such relief."

The amendments were agreed to.

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, this bill would relieve innocent purchasers of fungible goods from claims of the Commodity Credit Corporation for conversion, where the purchase was made for value in good faith and in the ordinary course of business from a person regularly engaged in the buying and selling of such goods. It covers existing claims, which amount to approximately \$3½ million, as well as possible future claims.

The bill provides a special rule for the Corporation not applicable to other depositors of grain, because the facts appear to require a special rule. The Corporation has in storage extensive quantities of grain, the amount far surpassing that stored by any other depositor.

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued May 13, 1955
For actions of May 12, 1955
84th-1st, No. 78

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HIGHLIGHTS: House passed defense appropriation bill. House committee ordered reported bills to prohibit USDA prediction of apple prices, direct study on burley tobacco controls.

HOUSE

1. DEFENSE DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL FOR 1956. Passed with amendments this bill, H. R. 6042 (pp. 5259-5313).

D. C. APPROPRIATION BILL FOR 1956. The Appropriations Committee was granted permission to report this bill by midnight Fri. (p. 5257).

2. ~~LANDS, ANIMAL DISEASE, APPLE PRICES, BURLEY TOBACCO~~. The Agriculture Committee ordered reported with amendment H. R. 2973, directing the conveyance of a former FHA land tract in Mason County to the Ga. Board of Education; and without amendment H. R. 4576, to provide for certain indemnity payments in Iowa on account of vesicular exanthema which could not be made because of a technicality; H. R. 5188, to prohibit the publication by the Government of any prediction with respect to apple prices; and S. J. Res 60, directing a study and report by the Secretary of Agriculture on burley tobacco marketing controls (p. D408).

3. RURAL ELECTRIFICATION. Rep. Vinson commended the REA program on its anniversary (p. 5259).

4. VEGETABLES. Received a Texas Legislature memorial recommending legislation readjusting the import duty on vegetables (p. 5316).

5. ADJOURNED until Mon., May 16 (p. 5314), when the salt-water research bill is to be debated (p. D408).

SENATE

6. ROADS. The Public Works Committee ordered reported with amendments S. 1048, to amend and supplement the Federal-Aid Road Act by authorizing appropriations for continuing the construction of highways (p. D407).

BILLS INTRODUCED

7. PROPERTY, RECORDS. H. R. 6091, to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, (see Digest No. 75) would direct transfer to the National Archives of any records of any Federal agency that have been in existence for more than 50 years and that are determined by the Archivist to have sufficient historical or other value to warrant their continued preservation by the Government, unless the head of the agency which has custody of them shall certify in writing to the Administrator that they must be retained in his custody for use in the conduct of the regular current business of the agency.
8. FORESTRY. H. R. 6200, by Rep. Johnson, (Wis.) to recognize and facilitate the administration of the multiple uses of the national forests and other lands under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture; to Agriculture Committee (p. 5315).
9. SEED. H. R. 6201, by Rep. Dague, H. R. 6203, by Rep. Knutson, and HR 6219, by Rep. Lovre, to amend section 406 of the Federal Seed Act; to Agriculture Committee. Remarks of Rep. Knutson (p. A3262).
10. RECLAMATION. H. R. 6209, by Rep. Thomson, Wyo., to provide for the relief of certain reclamation homestead entrymen; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (p. 5315).
11. LANDS. H. R. 6214, by Rep. Coon, to sell certain agricultural lands of the United States in Oregon under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (p. 5315).
12. FORESTRY. H. R. 6216, by Rep. Gavin, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to assist States in the carrying out of plans for forest land tree planting and reforestation; to Agriculture Committee (p. 5315).
13. PERSONNEL. H. R. 6217, by Rep. Hays, Ark., to aid in promoting employment opportunities for members of minority groups; to Education and Labor Committee (p. 5315).
14. MARKETING. H. R. 6220, by Rep. Phillips, to encourage the improvement and development of marketing facilities for handling perishable agricultural commodities; to Agriculture Committee (p. 5315).
15. WATER CONSERVATION. H. R. 6221, ^{by Rep. Reuss,} to amend the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act so as to permit the making of payments to farmers for certain water-conservation practices; to Agriculture Committee (p. 5315).
16. FORESTRY. H. R. 6222, by Rep. Sikes, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to assist States in the carrying out of plans for forest land tree planting and reforestation; to Agriculture Committee (p. 5315).
17. MINING; FORESTRY. H. R. 6223, by Rep. Udall, to amend the act of July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681), and the mining laws to provide for multiple use of the surface of the same tracts of the public lands; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (p. 5315).

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued
For actions of

May 18, 1955
May 17, 1955
84th-1st, No. 81

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HIGHLIGHTS: Both Houses agreed to conference report on agricultural appropriation bill. Ready for President. Senate passed bill to repeal ACP tie-in with acreage allotments. Ready for President. Senate debated bill to repeal REA State formula. Senate committee reported bill to increase per diem allowances. Senate committee ordered reported bills for Mexican fence and for salt-water research. Sen. Humphrey introduced and discussed bill to provide 90% price supports for family-size farms. House passed bill to authorize land banks to purchase FFMC assets. Ready for President. House committee reported measure for USDA study of tobacco controls. House debated reserve manpower bill. House subcommittee voted for bill to increase per diem allowances.

HOUSE

1. AGRICULTURAL APPROPRIATION BILL, 1956. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 5239. The House concurred in the Senate amendment which had been reported in disagreement, to provide for part of the CCC administrative-expense limitation to be placed in reserve. (pp. 5489, 5458-74). This bill will now be sent to the President.
2. FARM LOANS. Passed without amendment S. 941, to authorize the Federal land banks to purchase certain remaining assets of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation (pp. 5501, 5519). This bill will now be sent to the President.
3. RESERVE FORCES. Began debate on H. R. 5297, to provide for strengthening of the Reserve Forces (pp. 5519-45).
4. TOBACCO. The Agriculture Committee reported without amendment S. J. Res. 60, directing this Department to study and report to Congress on methods of burley tobacco marketing controls (H. Rept. 596)(p. 5549).
5. ANIMAL DISEASE. Passed without amendment S. 1133, authorizing payment for losses incurred in Iowa in July 1954 on account of vesicular exanthema, which could not

be paid because of a technicality (p. 5505). A companion bill, H. R. 4576, was reported without amendment earlier in the day (H. Rept. 598). S. 1133 will now be sent to the President.

6. FARM LOANS. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for consideration of H. R. 5715, to extend the authority for the Veterans' Administration to make direct loans and to require VA to make additional types of loans (p. 5505).
7. TRAVEL EXPENSE. The "Daily Digest" states: "The Subcommittee on Executive and Legislative Reorganization approved for reporting to the full committee a clean bill (H. R. 6295), to provide for an increase in maximum per diem allowance — from \$9 to \$13 — for subsistence and travel expenses. The bill will be considered by the full committee...tomorrow." (p. D428.)
8. LAND TRANSFER. The Agriculture Committee reported with amendment H. R. 2973, to release reversionary rights to a former FHA tract in Macon County, Ga., to the Ga. Board of Education (H. Rept. 597)(p. 5549).
9. EDUCATION. Passed as reported H. R. 603, to authorize additional land grants to the University of Alaska (p. 5497).
10. ORGANIZATION. Received from the President an amendment to the 1956 Budget for the President's Advisory Committee on Government Organization (H. Doc. 164); to Appropriations Committee (p. 5548).

SENATE

11. SOIL CONSERVATION; ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. Passed without amendment H. R. 1573, to repeal the provisions prohibiting ACP payments to persons who do not adhere to acreage allotments on basic crops (pp. 5458-74). Rejected, 35 to 49, an amendment in the nature of a substitute, by Sen. Holland (for himself and Sens. Aiken, Anderson, and Watkins), which would have modified Sec. 348 but would not have repealed it (p. 5474). This bill will now be sent to the President.
Sen. Carlson inserted a city of Kansas City, Kans., resolution favoring the continuance of surveys and planning for the conservation of soil and water in Kans. (pp. 5420-1).
Sen. Watkins commended the interest of young people in conservation development and inserted an article written by the Secretary at the request of the young people of Milford Elementary School, "Youth's Part in Conservation" (pp. 5446-7).
12. RURAL ELECTRIFICATION. Began debate on S. 153, to amend the Rural Electrification Act so as to eliminate the requirement that not more than 10% of the loans may be made in any one State. Pending is a Humphrey amendment (in the nature of a substitute) to modify the present formula but not repeal it (pp. 5479-84).
Sen. Kefauver urged immediate release of the Hoover Commission Task Force report on public power and water resources and inserted a St. Louis Post Dispatch on this subject (pp. 5445-6).
13. LANDS. Both Houses received from the Interior Department a proposed bill "to facilitate the administration of the public lands"; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committees (pp. 5417, 5548).
14. SUGAR QUOTAS. Received an Hawaiian Legislature resolution urging immediate domestic sugar quota increases (p. 5418).

INDEMNITY FOR SWINE CARCASSES DESTROYED IN VESICULAR EXANTHEMA PROGRAM

MAY 17, 1955.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of
the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. COOLEY, from the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the
following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 4576]

The Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 4576) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema, having considered the same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the bill do pass.

The purpose of this bill is to authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to use funds available to him for the control of vesicular exanthema to pay the Federal indemnity on swine which were destroyed under the program in July 1954, but on which the indemnity could not previously be paid because the disease was not discovered until the swine were slaughtered. The situation arose at the John Morrell & Co. packing plant in Ottumwa, Iowa.

Under the Federal law authorizing this program, payment of indemnity by the Federal Government for swine destroyed in the eradication program cannot exceed the indemnity payment made by the State. At the time these swine carcasses were destroyed the law of Iowa did not permit payment of indemnity unless the swine were appraised before slaughter. Since the disease was not discovered in this particular lot of swine until after slaughter, the provisions of the then-existing State law had not been complied with, although the swine carcasses were actually destroyed in connection with the disease-control program.

On April 19, 1955, the Governor of Iowa signed an act appropriating \$29,448.52 to John Morrell & Co. for the indemnity of these swine.

Since the Federal indemnity cannot exceed the State indemnity, it will presumably be limited to this amount.

Although the bill is drawn in general terms, records of the Department of Agriculture indicate that it will apply only to this one situation. Following is the report of the Department of Agriculture recommending approval of the legislation:

APRIL 25, 1955.

Hon. HAROLD D. COOLEY,
Chairman, Committee on Agriculture,
House of Representatives.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN COOLEY: This is in reply to your request of March 12, 1955, for a report on H. R. 4576, a bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

The Department favors the enactment of H. R. 4576, as prompt disposal of animals infected with or exposed to the disease was necessary to prevent further dissemination of the disease.

This bill authorizes and directs the Secretary of Agriculture to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 percent of their losses and expenses, but not exceeding the indemnity paid by the State, all persons whose swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed, treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954, as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the contagious disease vesicular exanthema. It also requires that such indemnities be limited, in the absence of Federal appraisal, to those losses and expenses where proof has been made to the State and 50 percent of the losses and expenses has been paid by the State.

Because of the spread of vesicular exanthema, an emergency was declared by the Secretary of Agriculture on August 1, 1952. Federal funds were not available for indemnities until declaration of the emergency or such later date as States agreed to cooperate in payment of indemnities.

According to the Department's records the only swine that were not paid for, which were properly disposed of during July 1954, belonged to John Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Iowa. At the time infection was found, some of the swine had already been slaughtered. They, as owners of the slaughtered swine, were eligible for Federal indemnity if the carcasses were appraised by a Government inspector and if the State of Iowa paid its share of the indemnity. Iowa was not authorized to pay for the swine that were already slaughtered, and therefore the carcasses were not appraised. It now appears that Iowa will be authorized to pay indemnity for the swine carcasses, but the Federal Government cannot pay the indemnity as the carcasses were not appraised. H. R. 4576 would permit the payment of Federal funds for such indemnity, provided the State of Iowa pays its share of the indemnity.

John Morrell & Co. cooperated fully with the State and the Department's representatives in Iowa. An investigation shows that the Federal share of indemnity under this bill would be about \$31,698. Payment of this amount from current funds would not impair the program for this fiscal year.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

TRUE D. MORSE, *Acting Secretary.*



H. R. 4576

[Report No. 598]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 2, 1955

Mr. LeCOMPTE introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

MAY 17, 1955

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed
4 to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 per centum, but not
5 exceeding the indemnity paid by the State in which such
6 losses and expenses were incurred, of the losses and ex-
7 penses incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses,
8 and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed,
9 treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954,

1 as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the
2 contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

3 SEC. 2. The payment of indemnities under the pro-
4 visions of this Act shall be limited, in the absence of Federal
5 appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof
6 of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in
7 which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 per
8 centum of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

9 SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of
10 this Act shall be made from funds currently available to the
11 Department of Agriculture.

84TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 4576

[Report No. 598]

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

By Mr. LeCOMPTÉ

MARCH 2, 1955

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

MAY 17, 1955

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

The Clerk read the Senate amendment, as follows:

Line 7, strike out all after "fee." down to and including line 11.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The Senate amendment was concurred in.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

NICHOLAS JOHN MANTICAS ET AL.

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's desk the bill (H. R. 1328) for the relief of Nicholas John Manticas, Anne Francis Manticas, Yvonne Manticas, Mary Manticas, and John Manticas, with Senate amendments thereto, and concur in the Senate amendments.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the Senate amendments, as follows:

Line 5, strike out "Yvonne Manticas."

Line 11, strike out "five" and insert "four."

Amend the title so as to read: "An act for the relief of Nicholas John Manticas, Anne Francis Manticas, Mary Manticas, and John Manticas."

Mr. SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The Senate amendments were concurred in.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CONFERRING JURISDICTION ON ATTORNEY GENERAL TO DETERMINE ELIGIBILITY OF CERTAIN ALIENS

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the joint resolution (H. J. Res. 211) to confer jurisdiction on the Attorney General to determine the eligibility of certain aliens to benefit under section 6 of the Refugee Relief Act of 1953, as amended, with Senate amendments there, and concur in the Senate amendments.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The Clerk read the Senate amendments, as follows:

Page 1, line 9, strike out "Antonio Aikler."

Page 2, line 2, strike out "Wladyslaw Barczykowskl."

Page 2, line 7, strike out "Stefan Ciundzlewickl."

Page 2, line 13, after "Janowski", insert "Roberts Gustav Javalds."

Page 2, line 15, after "Kaminski", insert "Sime Ivan Karlick (Sam Karlich)."

Page 2, line 18, strike out "Piotr Kowalczyk."

Page 3, lines 8 and 9, strike out "Zbigniew Piotrowski."

Page 3, line 20, after "Splawinski", insert "Jan Srodulski."

Page 3, line 21, after "Stubynski", insert "Silvio Svagno."

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The Senate amendments were concurred in.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

INDEMNITY FOR LOSSES AND EXPENSES INCURRED IN DESTRUCTION, ETC., OF SWINE, ETC.

Mr. Lecompte. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the bill (S. 1133) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954, in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema, which has already passed the Senate and is identical to a House bill H. R. 4576.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Iowa?

There being no objection, the Clerk read the Senate bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 percent, but not exceeding the indemnity paid by the State in which such losses and expenses were incurred, of the losses and expenses incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed, treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954, as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

SEC. 2. The payment of indemnities under the provisions of this act shall be limited, in the absence of Federal appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 percent of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be made from funds currently available to the Department of Agriculture.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

A similar House bill (H. R. 4576) was laid on the table.

AMENDING SERVICEMEN'S READJUSTMENT ACT OF 1944

Mr. MADDEN, from the Committee on Rules, reported the following privileged resolution (H. R. 246, Rept. No. 593) which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed:

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H. R. 5715) to amend the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 to extend the authority of the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to make direct loans, and to authorize the Administrator to make additional types of direct loans thereunder, and for other purposes. After general debate, which shall be confined to the bill, and shall continue not to exceed 1 hour, to be equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, the bill shall be read for amend-

ment under the 5-minute rule. At the conclusion of the consideration of the bill for amendment, the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted, and the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit.

POSTPONEMENT OF SPECIAL ORDER

Mr. BAILEY asked and was given permission to postpone the special order granted him for today to Thursday next, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered.

PRIVATE CALENDAR

The SPEAKER. This is Private Calendar day. The Clerk will call the first bill on the Private Calendar.

ATSUKO KIYOTA SZEKERES

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 1206) to restore United States citizenship to a former citizen, Atsuko Kiyota Szekeres, who has expatriated herself.

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that this bill be re-committed to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. Boggs). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

FAVORING THE GRANTING OF THE STATUS OF PERMANENT RESIDENCE TO CERTAIN ALIENS

The Clerk called the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 99) favoring the granting of the status of permanent residence to certain aliens.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the concurrent resolution, as follows:

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Congress favors the granting of the status of permanent residence in the case of each alien hereinafter named, in which case the Attorney General has determined that such alien is qualified under the provisions of section 4 of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended (62 Stat. 1011; 64 Stat. 219; 50 App. U. S. C. 1953):

A-7125281, Berend, Peter Mihaly or Peter Michael Berend.

0300/370564, Boon, Lim Jew.

A-7849663, Brieze, Roberts Martins.

A-7849664, Brieze, Milda Hermine.

A-955132, Chan, Si Heung.

0300/43030, Chen, Chen Ah.

A-6052568, Chen, Lin or Chen Lin.

0300/27496, Chen, Mrs. Susie or Cheng Shun Fan.

A-9766040, Chit, Ho Fung.

A-8031725, Chiu, Teng Holk or Ting Hsieh Chow or Chow Ting-Hsieh or Hsieh Ting Chiu.

A-6851319, Chow, Marie Patrice or Kwang Hua Chow.

A-7073707, Chow, Tsang Kam.

A-9658660, Dong, Ng Eng.

0300/387990, Fong, Ho Wah.

A-8057994, Foo, Sin or Foo Sin.

A-6779040, Frankel, Edwin Nessim.

A-6819141, Hajduszewski, Tadeusz.

A-6970000, Hayya, Jacob.

- A-6962959, Ho, Frank Hung Fai.
A-9661887, Ho, Lim Gat.
0300/390670, Huen, Kwai Chuen.
A-7863034, Kadegis, Arvids Gustavs.
A-7863033, Kiss, Eduard.
0300/402141, Kok, He Schiek or Schiek He Kok.
A-6788959, Kringelis, Teodors Andrejs.
A-6788960, Kringelis, Austra.
A-6788961, Kringelis, Daina.
A-6788962, Kringelis, Imants.
A-6634875, Krol, Kazimierz Julian.
A-6669192, Kum, Lay.
A-6843498, Lee, Mary Min Chen.
0300/30416, Lek, Yee Kow.
A-7249066, Liepa, Janis.
A-9682636, Man, Seid.
0300-134639, Mao, Henry Shu-Tsing.
A-6379854, Mei, Chu Chow Ah.
A-6794934, Mitri, Moise Hanna.
A-6971771, Pikkil, Miralda (nee Piht).
A-7204903, Rod, Anna Agnes (nee Kukol).
A-6848225, Shen, Frederick Albert.
A-8196650, Shim, Chong.
0300-420528, Siang, Sung Chan.
A-7249064, Sturmanis, Karlis.
A-6965379, Tashkovich, Gligor Tashko.
A-6848676, Ting, Lu.
A-7129774, Tsai, Poo Hubbert.
A-7863001, Ulmanis, Ludvigs.
A-7249880, Valm, Mihkel.
A-7250165, Valm, Aleksei.
A-7249882, Valm, Theodor.
A-9802613, Yick, Tong.
A-6967695, Yin, Huo-Bing.
0300-83569, Ying, Chan.
A-9542543, Yu, Ling Tao or Lum Tow EE.
A-8082386, Yuen, Chan Kam or Chan Hong Kow.
A-6703490, Zee, Robin Joseph or Zee Yao-Shun.
0300-397560, Cheung, Wah or Cheung Wah.
0300-427936, Chow, Chung Shan.
T-278683, Fong, Koo Chee.
0300-390908, Hon, Kong or Hon Kong.
A-8082075, Kwan, Wu Sing.
A-6971768, Sooaar, Voldemar.
A-6971757, Sooaar, Hela (nee Feder).
A-6910014, Lokiec, Majer.
A-8039688, Tsai, Sung Chu.
0300/29659, Chan, Ah Hoe.
0300-418043, Chan, Cheung Yuk or Chan Yuk Cheung.
A-9687373, Chan, Tim.
0300-370929, Cheng, Bou Ching or Mu Bou Cheng Ching.
A-6972945, Cheng, Pauline Ming-Hung.
174/736, Cheong, Mong.
A-9533428, Ching, Mark.
A-9687173, Chiu, Loo or Lo Chin.
A-8039173, Fok, Lam.
0300-400335, Fong, Lee.
A-6936267, Geiger, George.
A-6936268, Geiger, Ella (nee Spielman).
0300-423621, Hin, Wong Sul or Wong Kin.
A-6965180, Hsu, Chien Hwai or Jay Hsu.
A-6965179, Hsu, Jiu Hwai or Mai Hsu.
A-6958731, Janovitz, Serena (nee Simon).
A-6971749, Kaevando, Roman.
A-6971748, Kaevando, Helmi (nee Lents).
A-8015625, Kam, Cheung or Cheung Wuen.
A-6692899, Kramar, Branko.
A-6910269, Kramar, Maria.
A-6985975, Kulp, Karel.
A-6971798, Lepp, Aleksei.
A-6971759, Lepp, Agathe (nee Hanslep).
A-6888878, Lien, Din Shiang.
0300-66727, Linic, Vladimir.
A-9782777, Loo, Sam Teer.
A-6772581, Maksimovs, Eriks or Maximovs.
A-6917065, Maksimovs, Michelis or Mikeis Maksimovs.
A-6670578, Pang, Yee.
A-7135610, Peri, Lazar.
A-9765644, Piccini, Francesco.
A-6955590, Pulauskas, Matas.
A-7809727, Shak, To or Doo Sat.
0300-400854, Shing, Lo Kam.
A-7849428, Silins, Adolfs Janis.
A-7849429, Silins, Maija Alexandra.
A-7849430, Silins, Jr., Adolfs.
A-7084938, Sipos, Marianne Margaret Kertesz.
A-9804295, Suurna, Mihkel.
A-9561923, Tee, Toon Hue.
A-6307394, Tom, Gong or Tom Gong or Tom Shing.
A-9533429, Tong, Shing or Chung Shing or Tom Shing or Chung Chuen.
A-8258584, Too, Fung or Too Fung.
A-8082014, Toong, Cha Ching or Toong Chue Ching or Peter Chue Ching Toong.
A-8091339, Tuum, Aleksander Villem.
A-6967364, Wang, John Y.
A-6851357, Wang, Richard I-Hsiang.
A-7476304, Yao, Ting Hui or Michael T. H. Yao.
A-9507456, Yow, Choy or Choy You.
A-7292642, Boldyreff, Antonina (nee Zhigmanovsky).
A-7292641, Boldyreff, Helen or Helene.
A-8082841, Chen, Yen or Chen Yi Shi or Yi Shi Chen.
0300-249540, Chojnaki, Eugeniusz.
A-7210403, Christopoulos, Yoanna Khamis or Jeanette Christou Christopoulos.
A-6971650, Erdi, Anthony or Antal.
A-9647005, Fang, Pow Foo.
0300-97188, Fook, Tsang Koon.
0300-424088, Fu, Quo or Pang Choy.
A-6775569, Hlavac, Frantisek Josef.
A-7073610, Hlavac, Marta.
A-8082037, Huang, Mary Sei Mei.
A-6830536, Irani, Joseph Isaac or Joseph Irani.
A-6999364, Kazimierski, Stanley.
A-7863216, Kesteris, Mikelis.
A-7863217, Kesteris, Ilze.
A-7863218, Kesteris, Andrejs.
A-9836636, Lian, Shin Ah.
A-6851636, Liu, Julius Yun-I.
0300/408693, Moy, Young.
A-7084232, Petratis, Juzcas or Joseph Petratis.
A-7243875, Stenclys, Krists.
A-7244305, Stenclys, Augusts.
A-6704110T, Sun, Pao-Chih or Paulette Pao-Chi Sun.
0300-402447, Teng, Wong Gee or Wong Kee.
A-6851366, Tien-Jan, John Paul Ly.
175/651, Wan, Lam.
A-9778441, Wei, Toh Chung.
A-8065346, Wei, Wang Ah or Wang Ah Vee.
A-6851523, Yang, Thomas Meng Ping.
A-9731090, Ching, Pang.
A-7863027, Eidok, Walter.
A-9644600, Fal, Cheung.
A-7087608, Fasko, Daniel.
A-9764648, Lewandowski, Julian.
0300-399882, Ng, Tou.
A-6986534, Odella, Sister Mary (ii Feng-yu).
A-7863008, Ritums, Janis.
A-7248809, Salme, Karl.
A-9633107, Skratik, Dragutin Pranjko.
A-7863203, Stendzis, Janis.
A-7863204, Stendzis, Ilze Pusaudze.
A-7863205, Stendzis, Imants Arvids.
A-6929742, Tam, Dianalhue Kao.
0300-373583, Wong, Ah King or Wang Ken Sing.
A-6044499, Woo, Sze Lu Hsiang.
A-8078864, Hao, King Fah.
A-8050321, Blascovich, Attilio.
A-7095908, Bogacki, Wacław Zdzisław.
A-8082842, Bors, Tibor Eugen.
A-7975342, Boucher, Arsene Andre.
A-6967730, Chen, Wen Pin.
A-6904310, Cheng, Chang Sin.
0300-417793, Chong, Fong or Chong Fong.
A-6986509, Chu, Sister Mary Dulcia.
A-6522833, Chu, Wei Liang.
A-7863026, Elzis, Aleksandrs.
A-7356380, Frankel, Maurice Solomon.
A-7863031, Galvans, Peteris.
A-8091397, Gega, Anthony John.
A-7863032, Gorbants, Imants.
A-9782690, Hee, Wong.
A-7354351, Huang, Shao Chi.
A-9703852, Kam, Mak or James Mak.
A-6848646, Gao, Rose Tse Ching.
0333-403722, Kee, Shum.
A-7095531, Kersna, Johannes Maks.
A-7095532, Kersna, Salme.
A-9573456, King, Ho Ah.
A-9196442, Kirs, Alexander.
A-7204900, Krno, Ladislav Gejza.
A-7204901, Krno, Katherine.
T-1144870, Krno, Katherine Tatiana.
A-7873848, Kum, Chow.
A-7048906, Laupa, Armas.
A-6812186, Lenart, Leslie Oscar.
A-7863225, Lidums, Rudolf.
A-7863227, Lidums, Olaf Rudolf.
A-5971242, Liu, San Koon or Liu San Koon.
A-6854454, Luca, George or Gheorghe.
A-6854456, Luca, Elena.
A-9684344, Lung, Shung Sin or Chung Sin Lung.
A-9825451, Magic, Zdenko.
A-7138009, Matusoff, Ethel.
A-7223209, Mejzr, Miroslav.
A-7223210, Mejzr, Ruzena.
T-2645007, Mejzr, Miroslava Marie.
A-7193990, Mejzr, Ivanka.
A-7802065, Petersons, Karlis.
A-6971770, Piht, Eduard.
A-6971772, Piht, Lildia.
A-9765057, Polushin, Walter John or Viacheslav Ivanovitch Polushin.
A-6405622, Rashin, Louis Nathan.
A-6703361, Shie, Wei Wu.
A-6855586, Shie, Susan Ding Neh (nee Wang).
A-7193991, Spitz, Ruzena.
0300-396920, Sufich, Giovanna.
A-9554379, Sui, Lui or Liu.
A-7975174, Surian, Luca.
T-1144528, Velcich, John.
0300-289791, Vlacich, Ferruccio.
A-6851354, Wang, Chou-Chiu or Gordon Wang.
A-6881707, Yang, Chi.
A-8065847, Yau, Loo.
A-6949354, Zee, Tsong Ngo or Ah Neng.
A-6589294, Aboody, Ruben Mosh.
A-9948302, Canaletich, Mario Giorgio.
A-6709262, Chang, Yuan Chun.
A-6171208, Chen, Kwei Sen.
0300-280451, Chen, Mes Chih Ping.
A-7879678, Chen, Thomas.
A-6970307, Chen, David.
0300-424485, Chen, Peter.
A-7955258, Chmielewska, Maria.
A-6988894, Chuck, Lou Yuen or Low Yean Choe.
A-7243252, Creglia, Giordano.
A-6971766, Esberg, Adele.
A-6971765, Esberg, Jutta.
A-8021324, Fatutta, Marco.
A-8065726, Fong, Wong or Fong Wong.
A-7249077, Freimanis, Theodore Genrichs.
A-7249076, Freimanis, Anna Elena Olga.
A-6263402, Gartenszteig, Israel.
A-8031589, Ha, Tsong Tong or Tsong Tung Ha.
A-6971758, Hiesalu, Endel.
A-7366483, Hsueh-Yung, Shu or Evan Hsueh-Yung Shu.
A-6660388, Hu, Tsei Suan.
A-7283128, Inwentarz, Izak.
1100-29956, Kao, Yun-Chen or Mary Yun-Chen Kao or Mary Kao.
A-8082033, Benui, Marcello.
A-8031384, Kow, Ng Kung.
A-6966542, Kutty, Frances.
A-6978177, Lederman, Pejsach or Pejsach Lederman Greziak or Paul Lederman.
A-6690537, Lee, Han Duck or Henry Lee.
A-6690619, Lee, Tom Shee or Tom Kim Hing.
A-7056802, Loh, Tsau Yueh or Thomas Y. Lowe.
V-305539, Mh, Alexander Wei-Shan.
A-9782737, Ming, Tung.
A-6971802, Oja, Harry.
A-6971796, Oja, Ruth.
A-8065366, Pomasan, Stefano.
A-2823761, Radulich, Mate.
A-7178411, Reinvald, Manivald.
A-8001335, Rubinich, Joseph.
A-7873098, Runco, Anthony.

Public Law 54 - 84th Congress
Chapter 116 - 1st Session
S. 1133

AN ACT

All 69 Stat. 80.

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to pay indemnity for losses and expenses incurred during July 1954 in the destruction, treatment, or processing, under authority of law, of swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses, infected with vesicular exanthema.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to indemnify in an amount equal to 50 per centum, but not exceeding the indemnity paid by the State in which such losses and expenses were incurred, of the losses and expenses incurred by all persons whose swine, swine carcasses, and products derived from swine carcasses were destroyed, treated, or processed, under authority of law, in July 1954, as a result of having been infected with or exposed to the contagious disease known as vesicular exanthema.

Agriculture.
Payment for
losses from
swine diseases.

SEC. 2. The payment of indemnities under the provisions of this Act shall be limited, in the absence of Federal appraisal, to those losses and expenses where required proof of such losses and expenses has been made to the State in which such losses and expenses were incurred and 50 per centum of such loss and expense has been paid by such State.

SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall be made from funds currently available to the Department of Agriculture.

Approved June 1, 1955.

